

Dementia Simulation Toolkit

Scenario: Mealtime - Foods









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Changes to appetite and food intake

People with dementia may experience changes to their food preferences and food intake due to:

- An increase in sensory thresholds (smell and taste)
- Physiological changes e.g. swallowing difficulties (dysphagia).
- Changes in circadian rhythms with a shift toward eating earlier
- Comorbid psychological conditions (e.g. depression, anxiety)





Reduced visual function can also impact people with dementia ability to see food on their plate. This may impact a person's food intake.









Simulation Activity: Mealtimes - Food



Blended food



Simulation Glasses





Assistive Feeding Techniques



Group reflection



How was your self- experience of dementia?



Group reflection

How would you approach a situation where a person with dementia needs support to eat meals?















